

## 2022年7月22日新聞公報

### 香港民研發放今日最新限聚指數

#### 摘要

香港民研早於2020年4月21日啟動「疫後復工指數」先導計劃，目的是提供科學數據讓市民開始討論應該在什麼條件下恢復正常生活，包括工作、個人、家庭、社區和社會層面。及至2021年4月7日，香港民研正式研啟動了「限聚指數」，旨在每天公佈市民對「限聚令」的最新接受程度及市民可接受的限聚人數。在經歷幾個月的測試後，香港民研證實市民對「限聚令」的看法並不會急速改變。因此，香港民研決定每月或在政策有改變時才進行一次基準調查，而每日的指數只需在最新基準調查參照表中，查閱每日的確診個案數字即可。今天(2022年7月22日)最新「限聚指數」數值為14.6，並有73%市民認為現時「限聚令」太緊。

#### 最新基準調查樣本資料

調查日期	: 20/6 15:00 – 30/6 15:00
調查方法	: 以電郵接觸群組成員，並於網上完成調查
訪問對象	: 十二歲或以上的香港市民
總成功樣本	: 4,866
回應比率	: 5.7%
抽樣誤差 <sup>[1]</sup>	: 95%置信水平，百分比誤差 $\pm$ 1%
加權方法	: 按照 1) 政府統計處提供的全港人口年齡及性別分佈、教育程度（最高就讀程度）及經濟活動身分統計數字；2) 常規調查中的政治狀況評價及政治取向分佈，以「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。

[1] 此公報中所有誤差數字均以 95%置信水平計算。95%置信水平，是指倘若以不同隨機樣本重複進行有關調查 100 次，則 95 次各自計算出的誤差範圍會包含人口真實數字。由於調查數字涉及抽樣誤差，傳媒引用百分比數字時，應避免使用小數點，在引用評分數字時，則可以使用一個小數點。

## 最新數據

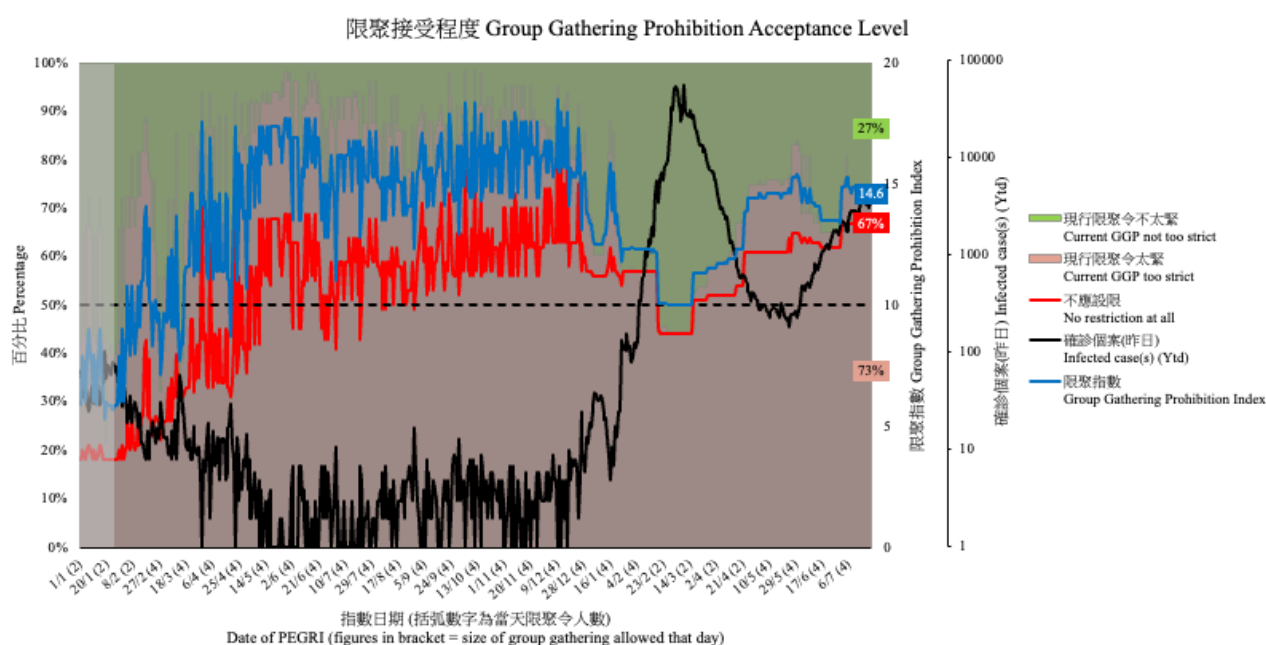
表一：限聚接受程度及限聚指數

日期	16/7/22 <sup>[2]</sup>	17/7/22 <sup>[2]</sup>	18/7/22 <sup>[2]</sup>	19/7/22 <sup>[2]</sup>	20/7/22 <sup>[2]</sup>	21/7/22 <sup>[2]</sup>	22/7/22 <sup>[2]</sup>
確診個案(昨日)	3,574	3,762	3,486	3,436	3,256	3,805	4,375
太鬆	19%	19%	19%	19%	19%	19%	20%
合適	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%
太緊	73%	73%	73%	73%	73%	73%	73%
限聚指數 <sup>[3]</sup>	14.7	14.7	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6

[2] 結果參照第二十二次基準調查。

[3] 香港民研用最近一次基準調查，模擬運算出 20 人為上限設定，這個設定會在每次基準調查後審視一次。

圖一：限聚接受程度及限聚指數



## 分析評論

復興經濟民生大聯盟成員任偉豪指出：「近期，政府抗疫專家顧問團的專家們紛紛表態認同香港可實行『混合免疫』，即讓社區透過疫苗接種和低度傳播產生自然感染。但這卻與醫務衛生局局長盧寵茂的看法不一。昨日，盧局長更表示專家組日後應統一發布消息，減少訊息混亂。以『混合免疫』為例，『統一意見』的做法只會令政府在與專家組意見不一時，更難進行公眾解說。另外，在教育方面，因為今年暑假縮短了，不少非學術類的教育中心都沒有如以往一樣舉辦暑期課程，令經營情況雪上加霜。所以，如家長們過往有於教育中心為子女報讀相關課程，建議可以繼續支持他們。否則，這些教育中心便會很大機會倒閉。」

## 下次新聞公報／發佈會 (暫定)

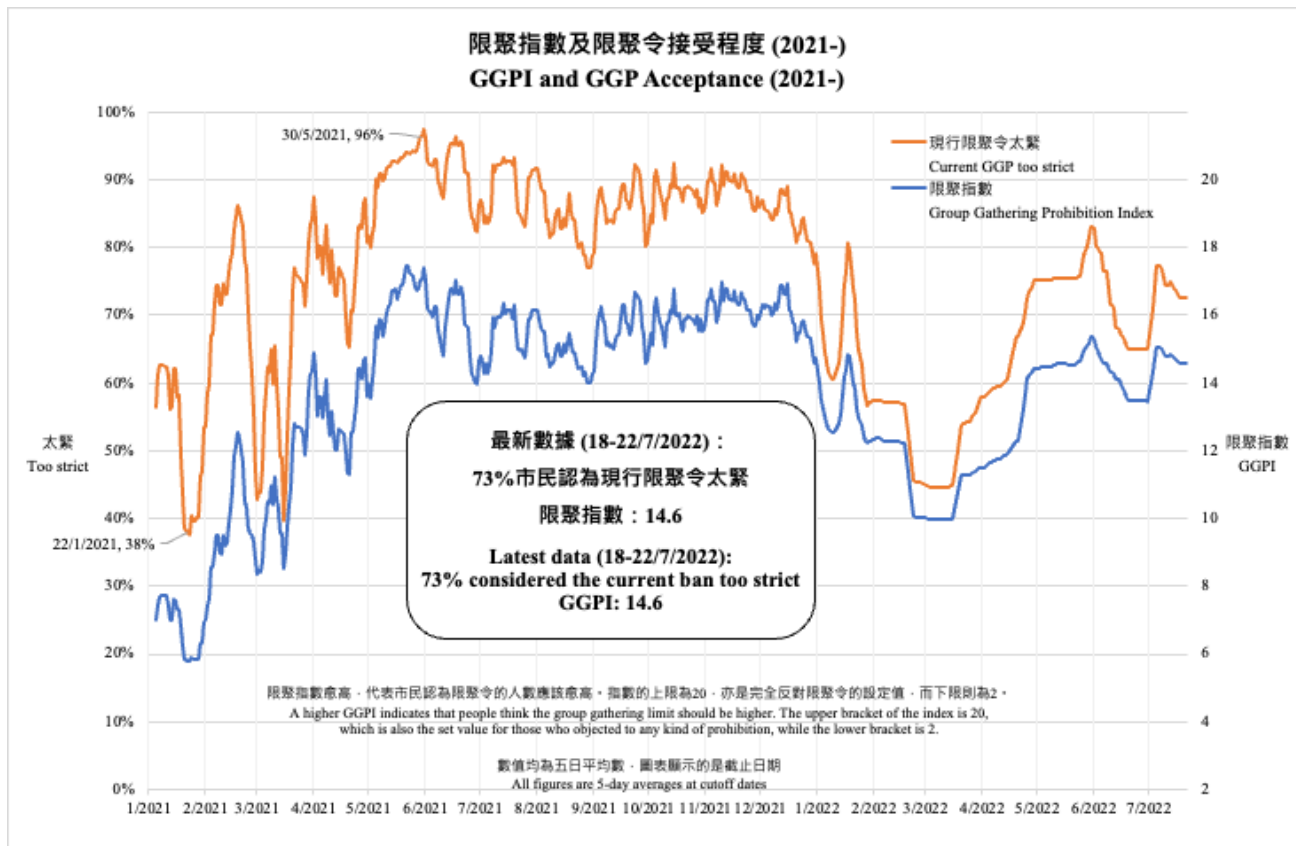
- [新聞公報] 7月26日(星期二)下午二時三十分  
兩岸政治人物民望總結
- [新聞公報] 8月2日(星期二)下午二時三十分  
特首及政府民望

## 附錄

請參閱香港民研網站 <https://www.pori.hk>

- 基準調查樣本資料總表 <https://www.pori.hk/penri/ggpi-appendix1.html>
- 限聚接受程度及限聚指數結果總表 <https://www.pori.hk/penri/ggpi-appendix2.html>

## 補充資料





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HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE  
香港民意研究所

## Press Release on July 22, 2022

### PORI releases today the latest Group Gathering Prohibition Index

#### Abstract

As early as 21 April 2020, HKPORI piloted the “Post-Epidemic Work Resumption Index (PEWRI, 疫後復工指數)”, which aimed to provide scientific data for people to kick start their discussion under what conditions should everyday life go back to normal, including work, personal, family, community and societal domains. Then on 7 April 2021, PORI officially launched an index called “Group Gathering Prohibition Index (GGPI, 限聚指數)”, which aims to indicate people’s latest acceptance of the “Group Gathering Ban 限聚令” on a daily basis, along with their acceptance of various prohibition limits. Since the public’s view on the gathering ban has proven not to change rapidly after a few months’ test, PORI has decided to run benchmarking surveys only once every month or whenever there are changes in the policy. Daily index figures can be obtained simply by checking on the table of index values versus the number of confirmed cases as compiled from the latest benchmark survey results. **GGPI stands at 14.6 today (22 July 2022), and 73% considered the current ban too strict.**

#### Contact Information of the Latest Benchmark Survey

Survey date	: 20/6 15:00 – 30/6 15:00
Survey method	: Online survey
Target population	: Hong Kong residents aged 12+
Total sample size	: 4,866
Response rate	: 5.7%
Sampling error <sup>[1]</sup>	: Sampling error of percentages at +/-1% at 95% confidence level
Weighting method	: Rim-weighted according to 1) gender-age distribution, educational attainment (highest level attended) distribution and economic activity status distribution of Hong Kong population from Census and Statistics Department; 2) appraisal of political condition and political inclination distribution from regular tracking surveys.

[1] All error figures in this release are calculated at 95% confidence level. “95% confidence level” means that if we were to repeat a certain survey 100 times with different random samples, we would expect 95 times having the population parameter within the respective error margins calculated. Because of sampling errors, when quoting percentages, journalists should refrain from reporting decimal places, whereas one decimal place can be used when quoting rating figures.

## Latest Findings

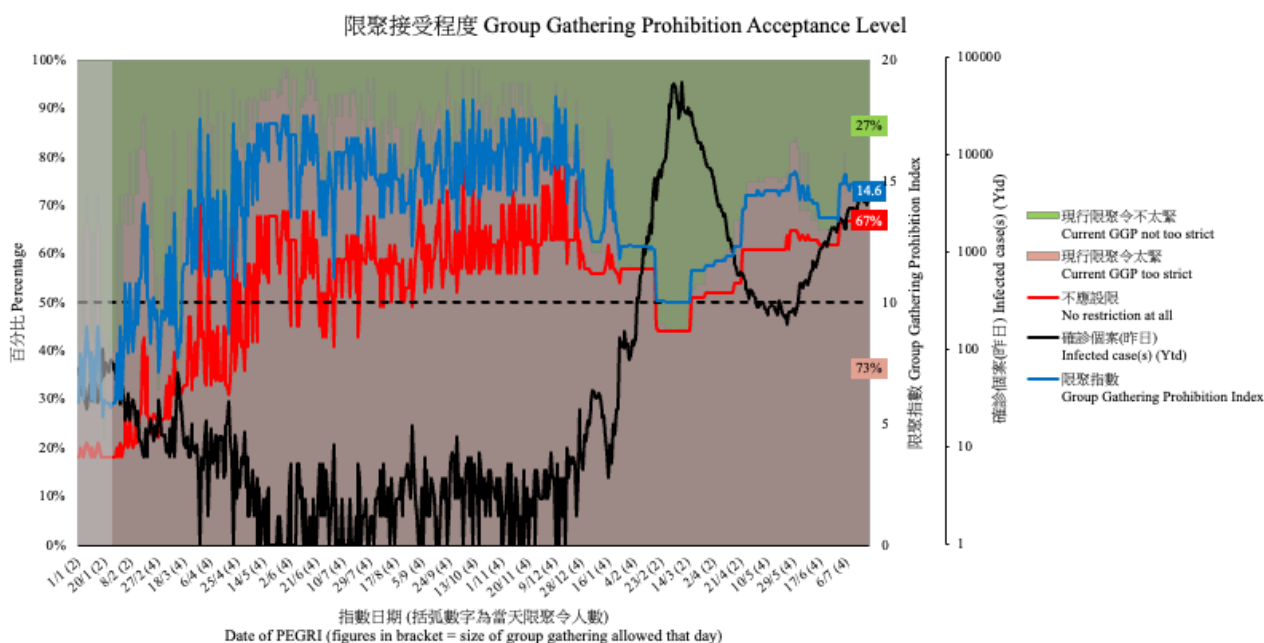
Table 1: Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level & Group Gathering Prohibition Index

Date	16/7/22 <sup>[2]</sup>	17/7/22 <sup>[2]</sup>	18/7/22 <sup>[2]</sup>	19/7/22 <sup>[2]</sup>	20/7/22 <sup>[2]</sup>	21/7/22 <sup>[2]</sup>	22/7/22 <sup>[2]</sup>
Infected case(s) (ytd)	3,574	3,762	3,486	3,436	3,256	3,805	4,375
Too lenient	19%	19%	19%	19%	19%	19%	20%
Appropriate	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%
Too strict	73%	73%	73%	73%	73%	73%	73%
Group Gathering Prohibition Index <sup>[3]</sup>	14.7	14.7	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6

[2] Results based on the twenty-second benchmark survey.

[3] The maximum value is set at 20 persons, according to the simulation of data collected from the latest benchmark survey. This value will be reviewed after each benchmark survey.

Chart 1: Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level & Group Gathering Prohibition Index



## Commentary

Yam Wai Ho, member of Alliance of Revitalizing Economy and Livelihood observed, “Recently, experts from the Government’s Expert Advisory Panel have been expressing their support for ‘hybrid immunity’ in Hong Kong, i.e. allowing the community to develop natural infection through vaccination and low-level transmission. However, this is different from the view of the Secretary for Health, Professor Lo Chung-mou. Yesterday, Prof Lo said that the expert group should release information in a coordinated manner in order to reduce public confusion. In the case of ‘hybrid immunity’, this approach will only make it more difficult for the government to explain to the public when there are different views with the Expert Advisory Panel. On the other hand, in terms of educational services, many non-academic education centres did not offer summer courses as they did in the past because of the shortened summer holidays this year, making the business situation even worse. Therefore, if parents have enrolled their children in relevant courses at education centres in the past, it is recommended that they continue to support them. Otherwise, there is a high chance that these centres will close down.”

## Upcoming Press Releases / Press Conferences (Tentative)

- [Press Release] July 26 (Tuesday) at 14:30  
Wrap Up on popularity of cross-strait political figures
- [Press Release] August 2 (Tuesday) at 14:30  
CE & SAR government popularity

## Appendices

Please refer to HKPORI website <https://www.pori.hk/?lang=en>

- Summary table for the contact information of the Benchmark Surveys <https://www.pori.hk/penri/ggpi-appendix1.html?lang=en>
- Summary table for Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level & Group Gathering Prohibition Index <https://www.pori.hk/penri/ggpi-appendix2.html?lang=en>

## Additional Information

