HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION PROGRAM

HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE

香港民意研究所 之 香港民意研究計劃

限聚指數 Group Gathering Prohibition Index 5/10/2021

樣本資料 - 限聚指數基準調查

Contact Information - Group Gathering Prohibition Index Benchmark Survey

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| | 香港民研意見群組成員 HKPOP Panel |
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| 調查日期 Survey date | 13/9 15:00 – 20/9 15:00 |
| 調查方法 Survey method | 以電郵接觸群組成員,並於網上完成調查 Online survey |
| 訪問對象 Target population | 十二歲或以上的香港市民 Hong Kong residents aged 12+ |
| 總成功樣本 Total sample size | 6,210 |
| 回應比率 Response rate | 6.8% |
| 抽樣誤差 Sampling error | 95%置信水平,百分比誤差+/-1% Sampling error of percentages at +/-1% at 95% confidence level |
| 加權方法 Weighting method | 按照1) 政府統計處提供的全港人口年齡及性別分佈統計數字、各區議會人口數字; 2) 選舉事務處提供的區議會選舉結果;3) 常規調查中的特首評分分佈數字,以 「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。 The figures are rim-weighted according to 1) gender-age distribution of Hong Kong population and by District Councils population figures from Census and Statistics Department; 2) Voting results of District Councils Election from Registration and Electoral Office; 3) rating distribution of Chief Executive from regular tracking surveys. |

限聚指數

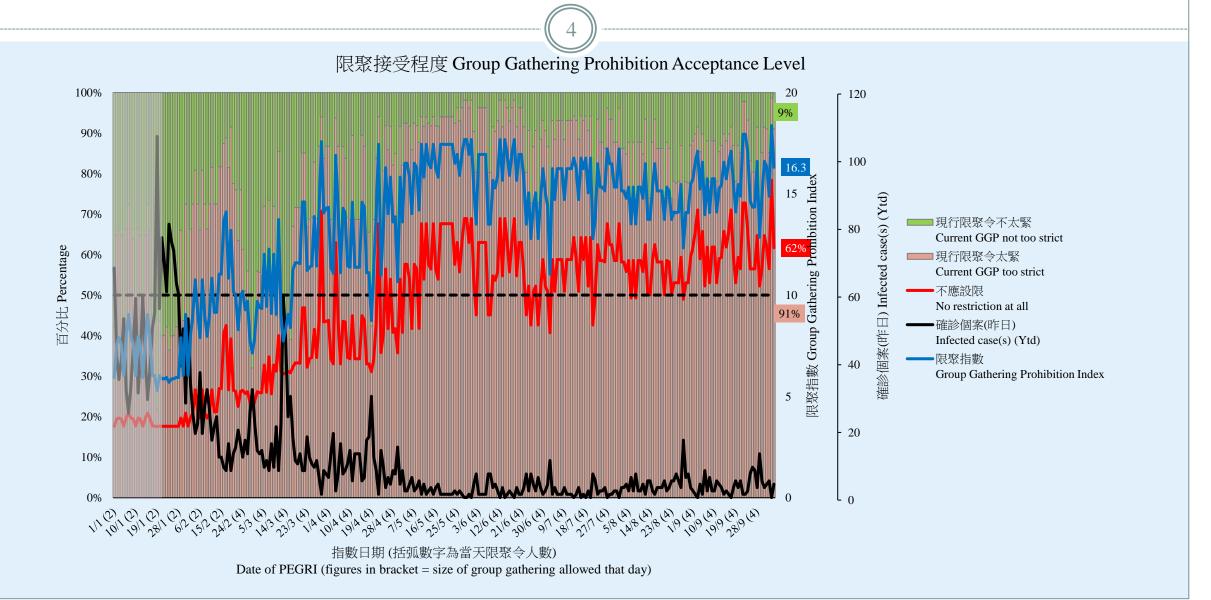
Group Gathering Prohibition Index

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- <u>最新</u>調查日期 <u>Latest</u> survey date: 13-20/9/2021 (N=6,210)
- 上次調查日期 Last survey date: 16-23/8/2021 (N=7,456)
- <u>上上次</u>調查日期 <u>Second last</u> survey date: 16-21/7/2021 (N=5,636)

| 意見題目 | Opinion Questions |
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| 你認為香港應否無條件全面撤銷「限聚令」? ■ 應該無條件撤銷「限聚令」 ■ 不應該,應視乎疫情而定 ■ 不知道/很難說 | Do you think the regulation prohibiting gatherings of more than a specific number of people in public places should be completely lifted unconditionally in Hong Kong? Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally No, it should depend on the epidemic situation Don't know / hard to say |
| [追問沒有選擇應該"無條件撤銷「限聚令」"者] 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於4人? 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於8人? 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於16人? 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於16人? 你認為感染個案清零多少天後,限聚令應該全面撤銷? 請於以下欄位列舉你認為合適的[個案數及限聚人數]組合 | [For respondents NOT answering "Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally"] How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 2 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 4 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 8 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 16 people? After how many days of zero infection do you think the group gathering ban should be lifted altogether? Please list combinations of [number of cases & number of people allowed in gatherings] that you think is appropriate in the field below: |

調查結果 - 限聚接受程度

Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level



限聚指數 - 分析評論

Group Gathering Prohibition Index – Commentary

香港教育中心商會副主席任偉豪指出:「澳門由9月25日起停課,昨日本是澳門的復課日,但因為通關時有一宗疑似個案進入了社區,令澳門昨天緊急宣佈繼續停課。澳門與大陸實施免隔離通關的第四天,澳門就再次陷入全面停課慘況。根本的原因在於清零策略與免隔離通關在性質上是矛盾的。免隔離通關很容易就引入疑似個案到社區,而政府為了絕對清零,就會宣佈全面停課停工停業。希望香港政府會引以為鑑,明白免隔離通關只可和『與病毒共存策略』同步,否則免隔離通關將會是全港的學校、家長,甚至是各行各業的惡夢。」

Vice Chairman of The Hong Kong Chamber of Education Centres Yam Wai Ho observed, "School classes in Macau was suspended since September 25 and it was the resumption day yesterday. However, because a suspected case has entered the community during border re-opening, Macau urgently announced the continued suspension of classes yesterday. On the fourth day that Macau and the mainland implemented the quarantine-free border arrangement, Macau was again plunged into a total suspension of classes. The fundamental reason is that the zero infection strategy and quarantine-free border arrangement are contradictory in nature. Quarantine-free border arrangement can easily introduce suspected cases to the community, and the government will announce a complete suspension of classes, work and business in order to absolutely clear them. I hope that the Hong Kong government will learn from it and understand that quarantine-free border arrangement can only be synchronized with the 'coexistence with the virus' strategy. Otherwise, quarantine-free border arrangement will be a nightmare for schools, parents, and even all industries in Hong Kong."