HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION PROGRAM

HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE

香港民意研究所 之 香港民意研究計劃

限聚指數 Group Gathering Prohibition Index 30/6/2021

樣本資料 - 限聚指數基準調查

Contact Information - Group Gathering Prohibition Index Benchmark Survey

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	香港民研意見群組成員 HKPOP Panel
調查日期 Survey date	18/6 15:00 – 23/6 15:00
調查方法 Survey method	以電郵接觸群組成員,並於網上完成調查 Online survey
訪問對象 Target population	十二歲或以上的香港市民 Hong Kong residents aged 12+
總成功樣本 Total sample size	6,158
回應比率 Response rate	6.6%
抽樣誤差 Sampling error	95%置信水平,百分比誤差+/-1% Sampling error of percentages at +/-1% at 95% confidence level
加權方法 Weighting method	按照1) 政府統計處提供的全港人口年齡及性別分佈統計數字、各區議會人口數字; 2) 選舉事務處提供的區議會選舉結果;3) 常規調查中的特首評分分佈數字,以 「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。 The figures are rim-weighted according to 1) gender-age distribution of Hong Kong population and by District Councils population figures from Census and Statistics Department; 2) Voting results of District Councils Election from Registration and Electoral Office; 3) rating distribution of Chief Executive from regular tracking surveys.

限聚指數

Group Gathering Prohibition Index

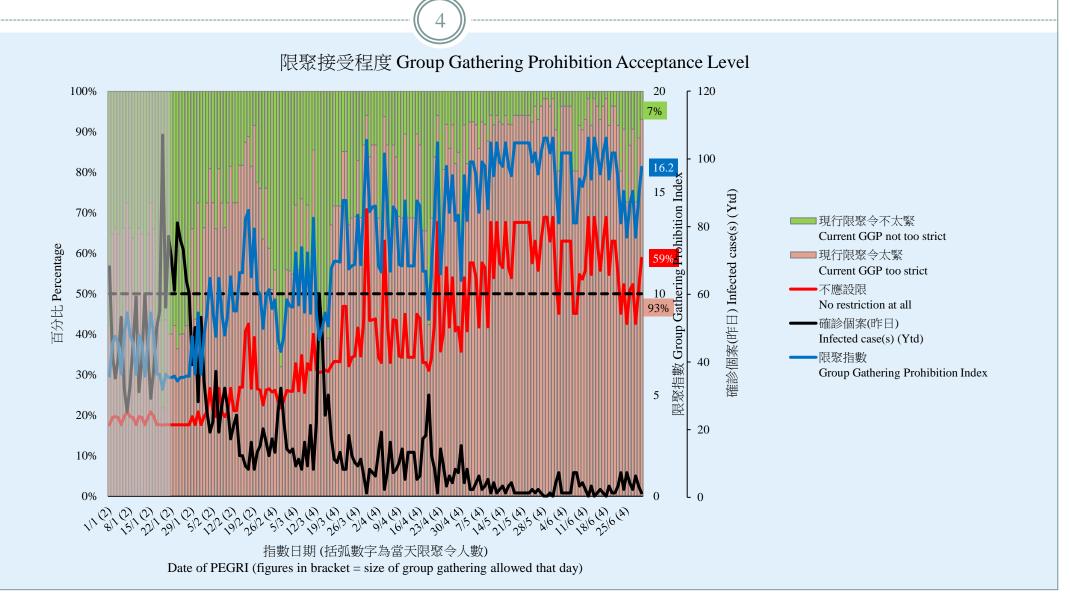
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- <u>最新</u>調查日期 <u>Latest</u> survey date: 18-23/6/2021 (N=6,158)
- 上次調查日期 Last survey date: 17-24/5/2021 (N=6,583)
- <u>上上次</u>調查日期 <u>Second last</u> survey date: 16-21/4/2021 (*N=6,330*)

	意見題目	Opinion Questions
你認為香港應否無係 • 應該無條件撤銷 • 不應該,應視乎 • 不知道/很難該	² 疫情而定	Do you think the regulation prohibiting gatherings of more than a specific number of people in public places should be completely lifted unconditionally in Hong Kong? Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally No, it should depend on the epidemic situation Don't know / hard to say
你認為每天新增確認你認為每天新增確認你認為每天新增確認你認為每天新增確認你認為每天新增確認你認為每天新增確認你認為感染個案清潔	"無條件撤銷「限聚令」"者] 诊個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於4人? 诊個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於8人? 诊個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於8人? 诊個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於16人? 零多少天後,限聚令應該全面撤銷? 「認為合適的[個案數及限聚人數]組合	[For respondents NOT answering "Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally"] How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 2 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 4 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 8 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 16 people? After how many days of zero infection do you think the group gathering ban should be lifted altogether? Please list combinations of [number of cases & number of people allowed in gatherings] that you think is appropriate in the field below:

調查結果 - 限聚接受程度

Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level



限聚指數 - 分析評論

Group Gathering Prohibition Index – Commentary

民生大聯盟發言人章彤輝博士指出,「我以前提過,疫苗接種和免隔離通關是目前緩解民困的關鍵,也是一對互為因果的循環因素。商界目前已為推動疫苗接種提供了很多誘因,而政府也在謹慎地調整通關條件,市民樂見其成。市民現時需要謹慎應對變種病毒,而政府就要小心管制來自高危地區的人士。現在抗疫已經到了曙光初現的時刻,無論政府、業界還是市民大眾,都需要以大局為重,汲取教訓和經驗,以免千里長堤,潰於蟻穴。老實說,香港已經沒法再承受多一次疫情打擊了。」

Dr Tung-fai Cheung, Spokesman of Alliance of Revitalizing Economy and Livelihood, observed, "As I said before, vaccination coverage and crossing border quarantine waiver are the two key issues of relieving people's livelihood, and they are like chicken and egg. The business sector has already provided a lot of incentives for vaccination, while the government fine-tunes the quarantine requirements of cross-border travelling, these are what Hong Kong peoples want to see. The public now needs to be very careful about the mutant virus, while the government needs to carefully regulate the inflow of people from high-risk areas. We are just seeing the light of hope, so the government, the commercial sector and the people must learn the lessons together to keep our ship afloat. As a matter of fact, Hong Kong can no longer afford to be hit by another wave of pandemic."