

POP



HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION PROGRAM

HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE

香港民意研究所 之 香港民意研究計劃

限聚指數

Group Gathering Prohibition Index

26/4/2021

樣本資料 - 限聚指數基準調查

Contact Information - Group Gathering Prohibition Index Benchmark Survey

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| | 香港民研意見群組成員 HKPOP Panel |
|-------------------------|--|
| 調查日期 Survey date | 16/4 15:00 – 21/4 15:00 |
| 調查方法 Survey method | 以電郵接觸群組成員，並於網上完成調查 Online survey |
| 訪問對象 Target population | 十二歲或以上的香港市民 Hong Kong residents aged 12+ |
| 總成功樣本 Total sample size | 6,330 |
| 回應比率 Response rate | 6.7% |
| 抽樣誤差 Sampling error | 95% 置信水平，百分比誤差 $\pm 1\%$ Sampling error of percentages at $\pm 1\%$ at 95% confidence level |
| 加權方法 Weighting method | 按照1) 政府統計處提供的全港人口年齡及性別分佈統計數字、各區議會人口數字；2) 選舉事務處提供的區議會選舉結果；3) 常規調查中的特首評分分佈數字，以「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。 The figures are rim-weighted according to 1) gender-age distribution of Hong Kong population and by District Councils population figures from Census and Statistics Department; 2) Voting results of District Councils Election from Registration and Electoral Office; 3) rating distribution of Chief Executive from regular tracking surveys. |

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- 最新調查日期 **Latest survey date: 16-21/4/2021 (N=6,330)**
- 上次調查日期 **Last survey date: 22-29/3/2021 (N=6,806)**
- 上上次調查日期 **Second last survey date: 8-22/3/2021 (N=6,210)**

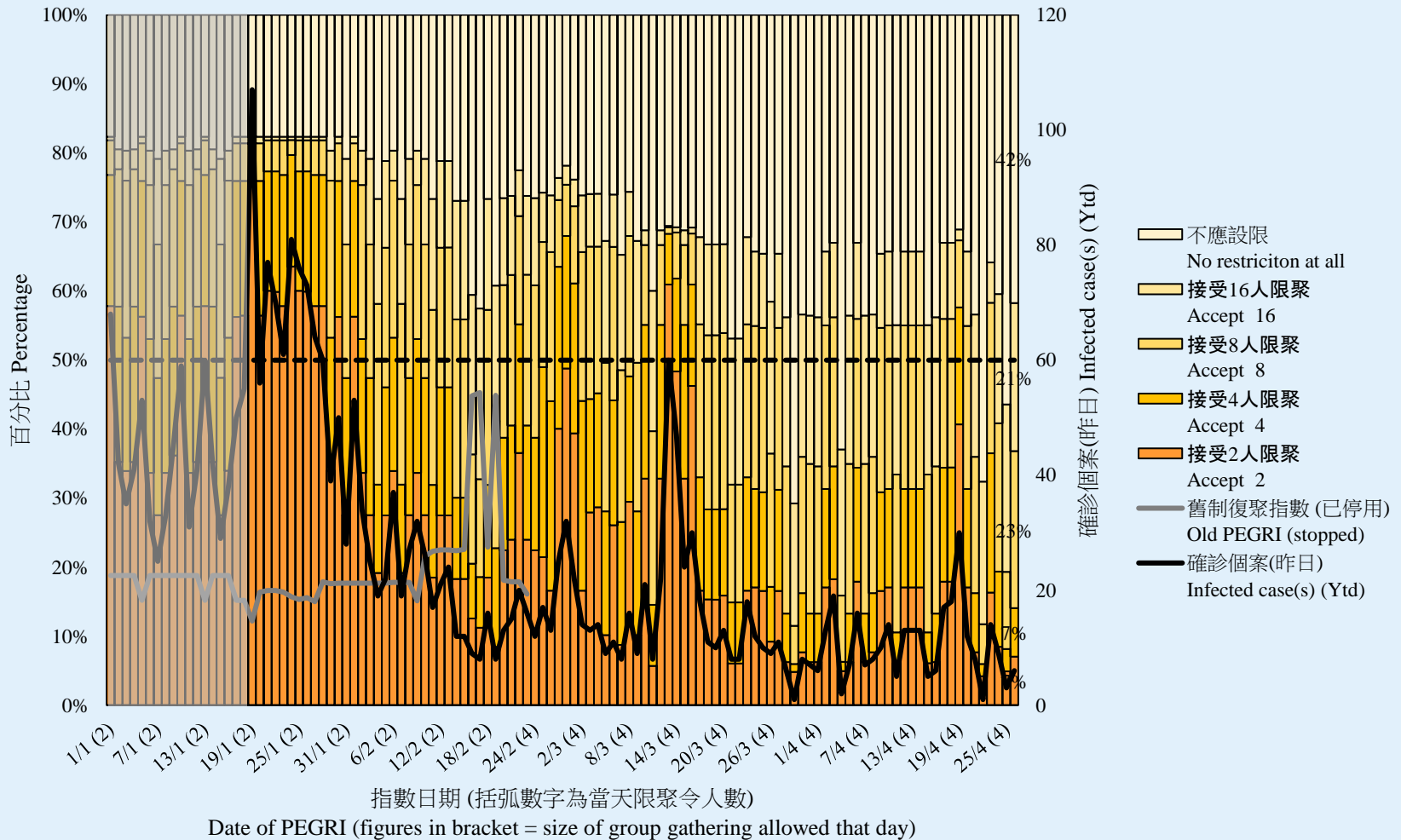
| 意見題目 | Opinion Questions |
|--|---|
| <p>你認為香港應否無條件全面撤銷「限聚令」？</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ 應該無條件撤銷「限聚令」▪ 不應該，應視乎疫情而定▪ 不知道／很難說 <p>[追問沒有選擇應該“無條件撤銷「限聚令」”者] 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於2人？ 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於4人？ 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於8人？ 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於16人？</p> <p>請於以下欄位列舉你認為合適的 [個案數 及 限聚人數] 組合……</p> | <p>Do you think the regulation prohibiting gatherings of more than a specific number of people in public places should be completely lifted unconditionally in Hong Kong?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally▪ No, it should depend on the epidemic situation▪ Don't know / hard to say <p>[For respondents NOT answering “Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally”] How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 2 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 4 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 8 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 16 people?</p> <p>Please list combinations of [number of cases & number of people allowed in gatherings] that you think is appropriate in the field below:</p> |

調查結果 - 限聚接受程度

Survey Result - Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level

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限聚接受程度 Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level

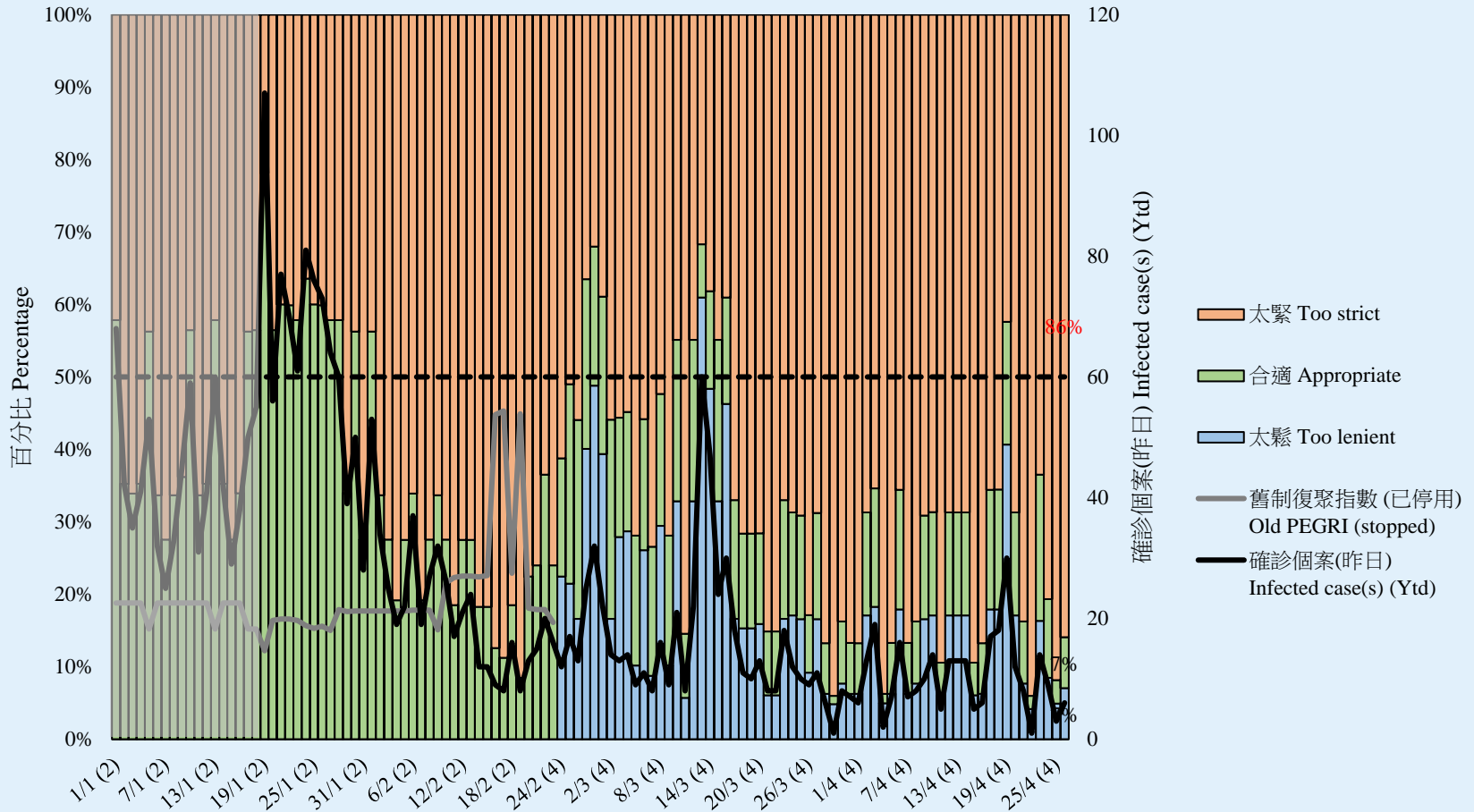


調查結果 - 限聚接受程度

Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level

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限聚接受程度 Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level



指數日期 (括弧數字為當天限聚令人數)

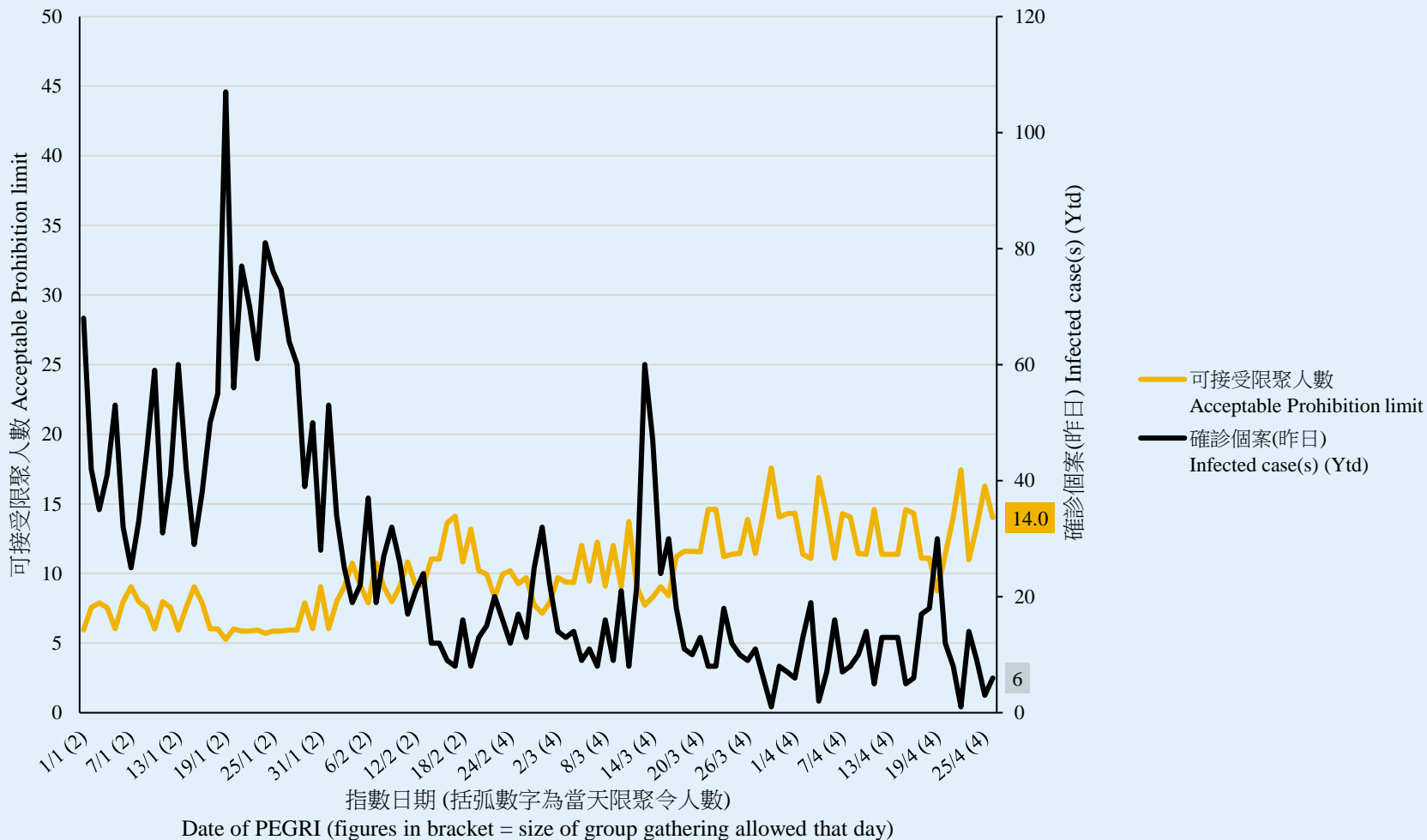
Date of PEGRI (figures in bracket = size of group gathering allowed that day)

調查結果 - 限聚指數

Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Index

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限聚指數 Group Gathering Prohibition Index



限聚指數 - 分析評論

Group Gathering Prohibition Index – Commentary

香港教育中心商會副主席任偉豪建議：「市民認為限聚措施太緊的人數已連續多天超過八成，政府應讓學校進一步開放所有班級回校上課半日，也讓補習社可開放所有容額進行教學，以減輕家長長期照顧家中小孩的壓力，也讓學生的學習效能有更好的效果，也讓老師的教學工作更得心應手。」

Vice Chairman of The Hong Kong Chamber of Education Centres Yam Wai Ho proposes, “It has been several days that more than 80% of the people consider the group gathering ban too strict, the government should allow schools to open all classes back to school for half a day, and also allow tutorial schools to open all capacity for teaching. That will alleviate the pressure of parents to take care of their children at home for a prolonged period, and also allow students to have better learning effectiveness.”